duties of the said office, the same shall devolve on the Vice-President,
and the National Assembly shall by law provide for the case of removal, death, resignation, or inability, both of the President and
Vice-President, declaring what officer shall then act as President,
and such officer shall act accordingly, until the disability be removed,
or a President shall be elected.

SEC. 10. The President shall have an official residence and receive a compensation to be ascertained by law which shall be neither
increased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have
been elected, and he shall not receive within that period any other
emolument from the Government or any of its subdivisions or instrumentalities. Until the National Assembly shall provide otherwise, the President shall receive an annual salary of thirty thousand
pesos. The Vice-President, when not acting as President, shall receive an annual compensation of fifteen thousand pesos until otherwise provided by law.

SEC. II. (i) The President shall have control of all the executive
departments, bureaus, or offices, exercise general supervision over
all local governments as may be provided by law, and take care that
the laws be faithfully executed.

(2) The President shall be commander-in-chief of all armed
forces of the Philippines and, whenever it becomes necessary, he may
call out such armed forces to prevent or suppress lawless violence,
invasion, insurrection, or rebellion. In case of invasion, insurrection,
or rebellion, or imminent danger thereof, when the public safety requires it, he may suspend the privileges of the writ of *habeas forfus*>
or place the Philippines or any part thereof under martial law.

(3) The President shall nominate and with the consent of the
Commission on Appointments of the National Assembly, shall appoint the heads of the executive departments and bureaus, officers
of the Army from the rank of colonel, of the Navy and air forces
from the rank of captain or commander, and all other officers of
the Government whose appointments are not herein

otherwise pro-
vided for, and those whom he may be authorized by law to appoint;
but the National Assembly may by law vest the appointment of
inferior officers, in the President alone, in the courts, or in the
heads of departments.

(4) The President shall have the power to make appointments
during the recess of the National Assembly, but such appointments
shall be effective only until disapproval by the Commission on Ap-
pointments or until the next adjournment of the National Assembly.